

Investment Narrative



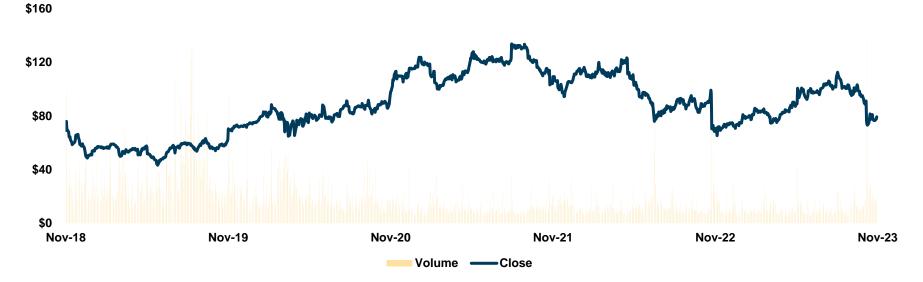


Market Cap	\$7.25B
Previous Close	\$79.45
52 Week Range	\$65.28 - \$116.97
Enterprise Value	\$18.39B
NTM EV/EBIT	12.3x
Net Debt/EBITDA	4.1x

- ▶ DaVita Inc. is a leading provider of kidney care services, most notably dialysis, to patients suffering from Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) and End State Renal Disease (ESRD)
- ► Recommendation: **BUY** with **PT of \$104.92**, representing upside of **31.29%** from 11/3 close at a **5% weight**

Investment Thesis Introduction

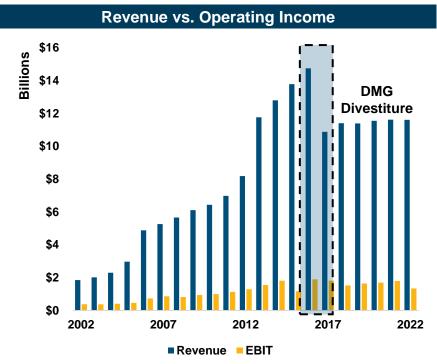
- ▶ DVA's stock is down over 30% due to the release of multiple trial results that we believe overestimate the impact that GLP-1 drugs will have on DVA's business
- ▶ DVA benefits from low competition and regulatory resistance due to its oligopoly that it shares with Fresenius Medical Care
- ▶ DVA's Integrated Kidney Care business will drive meaningful topline growth and **turn profitable** in 2025/2026

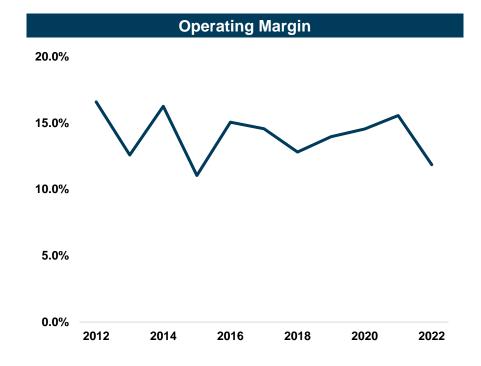


DVA Financial Overview¹



	Financial Tearsheet																			
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020	2021		2022
Revenue	\$	7,083	\$	7,752	\$	8,198	\$	8,628	\$	9,138	\$	9,360	\$	10,336	\$	10,563	\$ 10,660	\$ 10,667	\$	10,600
YoY % Growth		15%		9%		5%		5%		6%		2%		9%		2%	1%	0%		-1%
EBIT	\$	1,277	\$	1,077	\$	1,509	\$	1,097	\$	1,601	\$	1,584	\$	1,461	\$	1,591	\$ 1,680	\$ 1,808	\$	1,377
% of Revenue		17%		13%		16%		11%		15%		15%		13%		14%	15%	16%		12%
Taxes	\$	360	\$	381	\$	446	\$	296	\$	456	\$	324	\$	258	\$	280	\$ 314	\$ 307	\$	198
NOPAT	\$	917	\$	696	\$	1,063	\$	801	\$	1,145	\$	1,260	\$	1,202	\$	1,311	\$ 1,366	\$ 1,501	\$	1,179
Margin %		12%		8%		11%		8%		11%		12%		11%		12%	12%	13%		10%
UFCF	\$	895.1	\$	669.3	\$	1,059.4	\$	813.5	\$	1,093.6	\$	945.9	\$	830.4	\$	1,160.0	\$ 1,322.0	\$ 1,540.4	\$	1,308.1
Margin %		12%		8%		11%		8%		10%		9%		7%		10%	11%	13%		11%







Company & Industry Overview

Healthcare Committee - DaVita Pitch

Dialysis: Treating End Stage Renal Disease



Kidney Function & Renal Disease



Kidney's cleanse the body's blood ~300x per day



Filter toxins, salt, water, and other excess waste fluids from the body's bloodstream



Limited kidney function results in high blood pressure, imbalanced PH levels, compromised oxygen delivery and transport, & a buildup of toxins and waste in the body

Kidney/Renal failure can be caused by:

Type I & II diabetes, hypertension, polycystic kidney disease, autoimmune diseases, & prolonged urinary tract obstruction/ infection

Treatment options:

Dialysis or kidney transplant

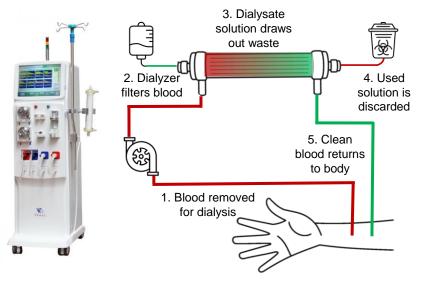
The Reality of Kidney Disease¹

- Over 35M people in the U.S. currently live with some form of CKD (chronic kidney disease), 800K suffer from ESRD (end stage renal disease), and ~550K are dialysis patients
- Between 35-40% of CKD/ESRD patients crash into dialysis
- Typical lifespan of dialysis patient is 5-10 years; however, patients can live 40+ years
- Currently a 25% annual patient turnover rate due to mortality & transplant selection

Types of Dialysis

In-Center Hemodialysis	At-Home Hemodialysis	Peritoneal Dialysis
Attend 4-hour treatments 3x week	Can do more frequent treatment for less time	Uses the abdominal lining & catheter
Center is fully-staffed with care team	Better flexibility, user-friendly machine	DVA is the largest provider of PD in the U.S.
Nocturnal Dialysis: 7-hour treatments 3x per week		re 3-5 weeks nt training

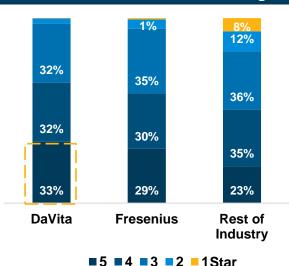
Visualizing the Hemodialysis Process²



DaVita is a Leading Provider of Dialysis



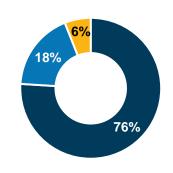




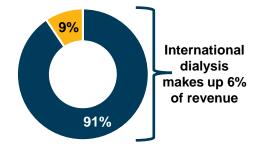
FY22 Revenue Breakdown²

By Treatment





- Outpatient hemodialysis
- Home-based dialysis
- Hospital inpatient hemodialysis



- U.S. dialysis
- Other- Ancillary services

DVA Dialysis Center Locations²



Key Information



DVA operates 2,724 clinics throughout the U.S. serving ~200,000 ESRD patients²



For **8 consecutive years**, DVA maintained its leading position in the CMS¹ Quality Incentive Program, **and 7 years** as the top-ranking status under CMS 5-star Quality Rating system²



DVA has an extensive relationship with nephrologists (kidney doctors) with over 5,400 of the existing 11,000 nephrologists referring patients to DVA centers²

+ 350 centers located in 11 countries outside of the U.S.

How Does DaVita Get Paid?



Overview of Payment Structure

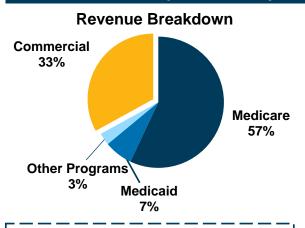


DVA receives prearranged payments for services provided, regardless of treatment costs

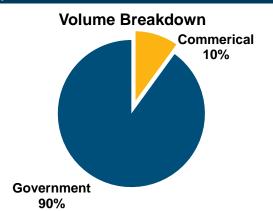


Typically, the patient's treatment is paid for by their insurance provider or governmentsponsored programs

Comparison of Payor Mix by Revenue vs. Volume¹



Medicare and Medicaid rates often pay below the final cost of services



Commercial: 33% of revenue and nearly 100% of operating income

Dynamics of Payors¹

Government



Commercial



contracts with commercial insurers at a 4.5x premium compared to government payments

DVA secures 3-5 year

Contracts

DVA's excellent treatment reputation attracts patients from health plans with multiple contracting options

Pricing

Medicare base rates are annually altered by CMS, factoring in provider cost inflation

Commercial payments grow closer to cost inflation due to **DVA's pricing power**

Medicare and ESRD Program



The 1972 ESRD Program lifted Medicare age requirements for **ESRD** patients



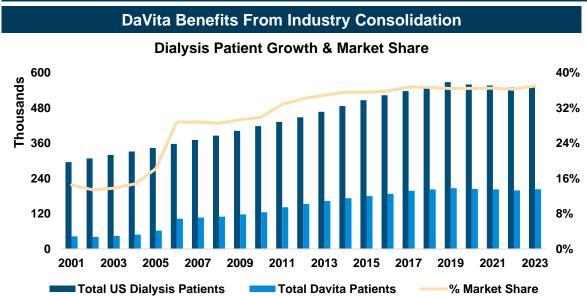
Patients not under Medicare when starting dialysis face a 30-month wait, during which their commercial insurance is responsible for payments



DVA derives a significant portion of income from patients within this 30-month window

Industry Overview





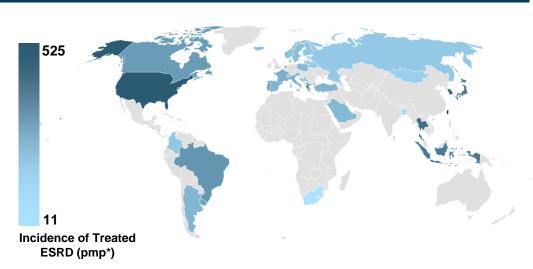




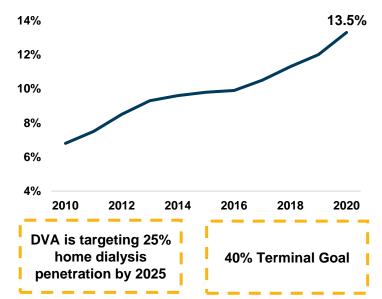




U.S. Has Second Highest Incidence of Treated ESRD



Increased Home Dialysis Prevalence²



^{*} Per million people (1) Company Filings (2) NIDDK



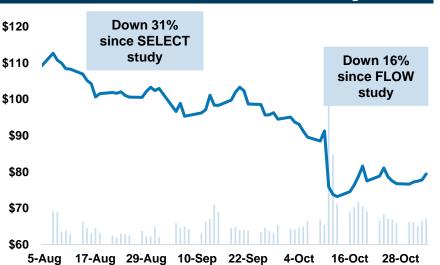
Investment Thesis

Healthcare Committee - DaVita Pitch

The Market is Severely Overreacting to GLP-1 Concerns







FLOW Trial Was Designed To Be Too Inclusive¹...



FLOW trial was designed by Novo Nordisk to determine kidney outcomes after patients underwent once-weekly semaglutide injections. To qualify, people had to have type II diabetes, CKD, and proteinuria.



The trial was designed to demonstrate that taking GLP-1 drugs led to later onset for **any** of these events: kidney failure, initiation of CKR therapy, onset of worsening kidney function, cardiovascular death, and kidney failure death

... Causing Flawed Extrapolation Of Data To ESRD²



Extrapolating these results to ESRD is a flawed approach due to the highly inclusive criteria used in the study AND the 68% of study participants with extremely high levels of proteinuria



The potential impacts of GLP-1 drugs on dialysis are 10-30 years out since these drugs are typically taken by pre-diabetics and early-stage CKD patients still years out from needing dialysis

GLP-1 Impact On Dialysis Patients Is Speculative

Base/DVA Case³ = 6% Impacted

Bear/CIMG Case = 13% Impacted

End-Stage CKD Cause Of Death³

38% on dialysis from diabetes



50% likelihood patient crashes into dialysis



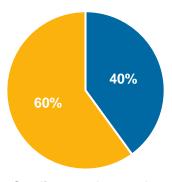
33% likelihood uses GLP-1s for longterm **40%** on dialysis from diabetes



33% likelihood patient crashes into dialysis



50% likelihood uses GLP-1s for long-term



CardiovascularOther

An Oligopoly Exists in the Dialysis Market



DaVita's Scale Provides Lasting Moat in a Consolidated Industry

Opening a dialysis center requires significant up-front capital and highly specialized labor¹



Building

Machines per center: 20+



Hemodialysis Machine

of Patients to Breakeven: 18-24



Peritoneal Machine

Total Startup Cost per center: \$1-3 million

DaVita is the trusted partner for nephrologists and insurance providers alike

There are only 11,000 nephrologists nationwide, and 5,400 of those refer patients to DaVita clinics2



"Hardly anybody goes out and shops for dialysis. I've got kidney failure, gee, let me pick my clinic. That just doesn't happen because you've got a doctor relationship, they kind of drive that."

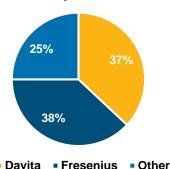
- November 2023 Tegus Interview

DaVita and Fresenius's Symbiotic Relationship





Global Dialysis Market Share



"These companies systematically exert their market dominance to command commercial reimbursement rates that are many times the cost associated with providing care."

- California AB 290 Bill

The Dialysis Industry is Legal Reform Resistant

California AB 290 Bill Cause: Prevent the American Kidney Fund from providing patients cost benefits for dialysis treatment



Result: AB 290 failed to pass because it would prevent thousands of people from receiving a critical treatment

Implication: DaVita remains dominant because the dialysis market is too dependent on the current structure to change

DVA's IKC Segment Will Achieve Profitability by 2026



\$2-4K

Net Savings

Model of Care

Partner Share



CKD Management CKD to ESKD Transition ESKD Treatment



Healthcare Analytics and Prevention



Patient Education and Dieting



Care Coordination



Collaborative & Holistic Care

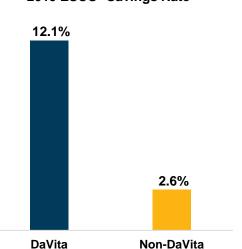
DVA makes a percentage of the spread on a risk-based value care model

Payor Share

Single ESKD Patient Economics¹

Best in Class¹

2019 ESCO* Savings Rate



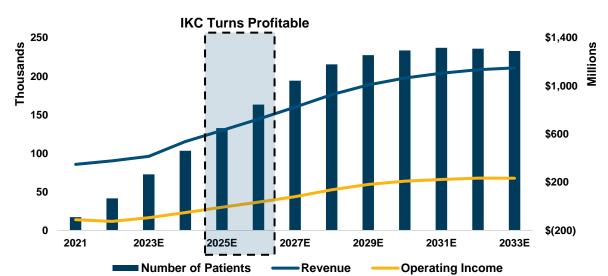
Strong Topline Growth & Positive EBIT Margin²

Medical Costs

Benchmark

\$8-13K

Total Savings



Recent Negative Events Created Multiple Near Term Catalysts

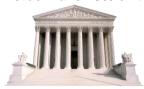


Introducing the Marietta Plan 2018 2022 2023

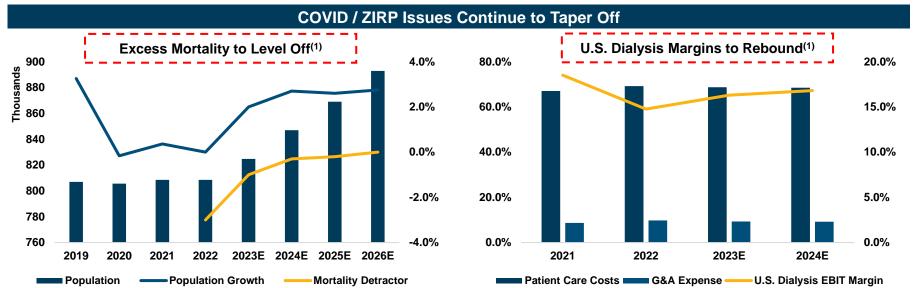
- ▶ DaVita files suit against Marietta Memorial Hospital Employee Health Benefit Plan
- ► DaVita accuses Marietta of denying dialysis coverage for patients in system
- ► Under the Medicare Secondary Payer Act, a health plan cannot differentiate the benefits it offers ESRD patients, nor can it take in to account that a patient is eligible for Medicare
- ► The Supreme Court rules that Marietta has not violated this act
 - ▶ DVA stock falls 15% on the day

- ➤ The Restore for Dialysis Patients Act, which would **close the loophole**, now has over 40 co-sponsors in Congress
- Passing of this act will ensure the safety of DVA's payor mix and could move the stock up by HSD-LDD









Perception vs. Reality



<u> </u>		
	Their Take	Our Take
Commercial Payor Mix	The majority of DVA's operating income is derived from commercial payors, who only make up 10% of the payor mix	DVA is able to leverage its dominant footprint on dialysis on both commercial payors and government regulators
2 GLP-1s + Other	Successful development and application of GLP-1 drugs could slow the growth of ESRD patients	The impact of GLP-1s is still overly speculative and a bull case for GLP-1s would still not have a significant impact over the near/medium-term
3 Labor Shortages	Sustained wage pressure from a tight labor market and nursing shortage could continue to impact margins	DVA is the best relationship manager in the industry and essentially have first pick on staff / Contract labor costs have returned to historical levels
4 Medicare Rates	► Medicare rates, on average, tend to grow at a lower rate than cost inflation	The government is dependent on DVA's services giving DVA a degree of long-term leverage
5 Organic Growth	DVA will have to rely more on organic growth as the industry is almost completely consolidated	DVA's focus on expansion into the IKC segment will drive meaningful topline growth
6 Upstream CKD Service	Start-ups specializing in upstream CKD services are trying to capitalize on the risk-based model creating more competition	► DVA is best positioned to win this race with their existing scale and relationships



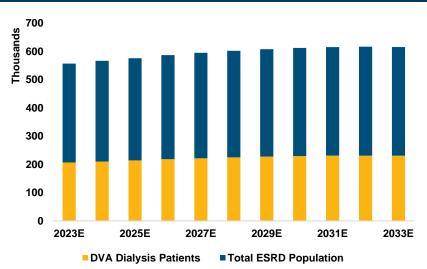
Valuation

Healthcare Committee - DaVita Pitch

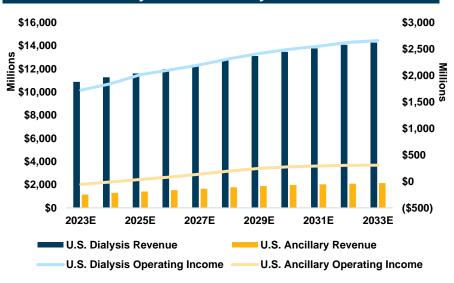
Thesis in the Model¹



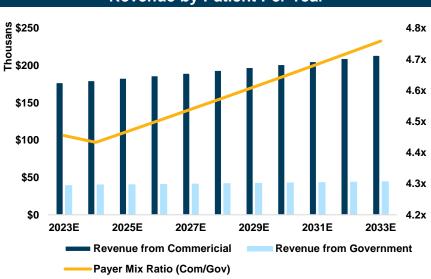




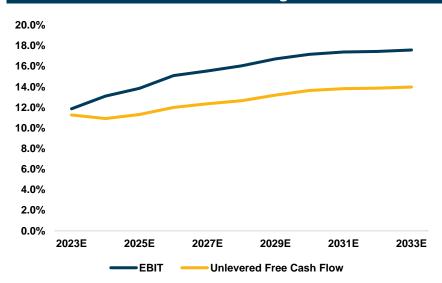
Dialysis vs. Ancillary Outlook



Revenue by Patient Per Year



EBIT vs. FCF Margin



Valuation



Summary

Recommendation: Buy Price Target: \$104.31 Upside: 31.29% Weight: 5%

What We're Playing For

- ➤ A sustained increase in ESRD and DVA dialysis patients annually as the obesity/GLP-1 debate takes time to materialize
- ▶ DVA to continue to exert a modest level of pricing power due to scale
- ► Integrated Kidney Care to drive meaningful operating income and operating margin growth
- ► Margin expansion as DVA's operating environment improves

Short-Term Catalyst Path

- ▶ FLOW trial results are released in 2024
- ► Congress continues to meet about the Marietta Plan
- ▶ Improved quarterly results as Covid-induced issues roll off
- ▶ Increasing insight into success of IKC business

Valuation¹

10% Discount Rate & (1%) Long-Term Growth Rate

Long Term Growth Rate Method - 1	0 Yr. D0	F
Terminal Value	\$	20,222
PV of Terminal Value	\$	8,452
PV of Free Cash Flow	\$	11,529
Enterprise Value	\$	19,981
Less: Debt	\$	8,699
Less: Preferred / Other	\$	1,612
Plus: Cash	\$	327
Implied Equity Value	\$	9,997
Diluted Shares Outstanding		95.83
Implied Share Price	\$	104.31
Upside / (Downside)		31.29%
PV TV as a % of the Enterprise Value		42.30%
Implied Terminal Multiple (EV/EBIT)		7.16x
Implied Terminal Multiple (EV/EBITDA)		5.57x

	8.00%	9.00%	10.00%	11.00%	12.00%		
-3.00%	\$ 128.59	\$ 107.19	\$ 89.24	\$ 73.98	\$ 60.86		
-2.00%	\$ 139.97	\$ 115.99	\$ 96.15	\$ 79.48	\$ 65.29		
-1.00%	\$ 153.88	\$ 126.55	\$ 104.31	\$ 85.89	\$ 70.41		
0.00%	\$ 171.26	\$ 139.45	\$ 114.11	\$ 93.48	\$ 76.37		
1.00%	\$ 193.62	\$ 155.58	\$ 126.09	\$ 102.58	\$ 83.42		



Appendix

Healthcare Committee – DaVita Pitch

Management and Compensation Structure



Javier Rodriguez, CEO



2022 Total Compensation: \$2,984,581*

Number of Shares Owned: 595,643 (<1% of common stock)

Mr. Rodriguez has served as CEO of DVA since June 2019. From 2014-2019, he served as the CEO of DVA Kidney Care. Since joining DVA in 1998, Mr. Rodriguez has served in several different capacities.

Michael Staffieri, COO



2022 Total Compensation: \$6.918.683*

Number of Shares Owned: 220,479 (<1% of common stock)

Mr. Staffieri became
COO in March 2014.
From July 2011 to
March 2014, he
served as a Senior
Vice President of
Kidney Care for DVA.
Mr. Staffieri initially
joined DVA in July
2000 as VP of
Operations and New
Center Development.

Joel Ackerman, CFO

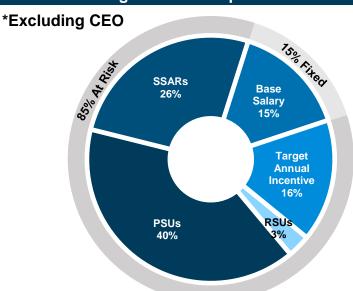


2022 Total Compensation: \$4,702,708*

Number of Shares Owned: 143,381 (<1% of common stock)

Mr. Ackerman became
CFO of DVA in
February 2017. In
April 2019, he was
also appointed to
serve as Treasurer.
Prior to joining DVA,
Mr. Ackerman was the
CEO and member of
the Board of Directors
of Champions
Oncology, Inc.

2022 Average NEO** Compensation Structure1



*Includes base salary, stock/option awards, non-equity incentives, and other compensation **Named Executive Officers Culverhouse Investment Management Group – Healthcare Committee

(1) DVA Proxy Statement

Berkshire's Position in DaVita HealthCare



DVA Commo	n Stock Ownership ຄ	as of 3/31/2023 ¹
	Number of shares owned	Percentage of shares owned
Berkshire Hathaway	36,095,570	39.8%
The Vanguard Group	6,166,112	6.8%
BlackRock, Inc.	4,822,086	5.3%

History of Investment

- Investment manager, Ted Weschler, owned DVA through his Peninsula Capital Advisors hedge fund between 2003 and 2011
- Weschler retained his ownership of the stock when Buffett recruited him to Berkshire, where he continued to buy more shares of DVA

Berkshire Investment Thesis for DVA

- Simple Business Model: DVA provides critical treatment for patients with ESRD caused by conditions like diabetes or high blood pressure. ESRD, an irreversible condition, necessitates either a kidney transplant or thrice-weekly dialysis sessions for patients to survive.
- **Pricing Power (Sustainable Moat):** DVA benefits from a strong market position due to the indispensable nature of its services, allowing the company to hold bargaining power with commercial insurers. This enables DVA to increase prices and enhance profits, given the crucial need for treatment regardless of costs.
- **Value:** DVA is a favorable long-term investment rather than a short-term trade, consistent with Weschler's decadelong ownership. DVA operates within an industry characterized by consistent demand, offering potential pricing leverage. DVA's long-term prospects make it an attractive addition to portfolio.

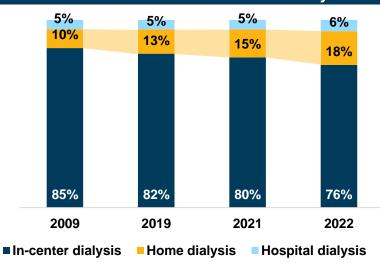
Rising Popularity of Home-Based Dialysis



Background Information¹

- Home-based dialysis services includes home hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis
- Many DVA outpatient dialysis centers offer certain support services for dialysis patients who prefer and can participate in home dialysis
- Home-based hemodialysis support services consist of providing equipment and supplies, training, patient monitoring, on-call support services and follow-up assistance
- The 2019 Executive Order and related HHS (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services) guidance described above also included a stated goal of increasing the relative number of new ESRD patients that receive dialysis at home
- According to the most recent 2022 annual data report from the USRDS (United States Renal Data System), in 2020 approximately 14% of ESRD dialysis patients in the U.S. perform home-based dialysis

DVA Revenue Shift from Home-Based Dialysis^{1,2}



How this Provides Additional Upside to our Thesis

- ► DVA can enhance operational efficiencies by transitioning to a hub-and-spoke model in select areas, facilitated by the shift towards home dialysis
- ► Home dialysis requires lots of training (on average around 9 sessions over the course of 2-6 weeks) and DVA centers can be repurposed to partially act as training centers
- ▶ DVA's implied revenue per treatment from both incenter and home dialysis patients, as well as home dialysis revenue per treatment, has shown a 25-30% increase, despite the lower operating expenses per treatment in home dialysis

Discounted Cash Flow Analysis



FY Ending 12/31/2022 12/31/2023 12/31/2024 12/31/2025 12/31/2026 12/31/2027 12/31/2028 12/31/2029 12/31/2030 12/31/2031 12/31/2032

				Discour	nted Cash Flow	/ Analysis					
	2022A	2023E	2024E	2025E	2026E	2027E	2028E	2029E	2030E	2031E	2032E
Revenue	11,610	11,939	12,481	12,921	13,407	13,921	14,414	14,900	15,344	15,711	16,079
YoY Growth %		2.8%	4.5%	3.5%	3.8%	3.8%	3.5%	3.4%	3.0%	2.4%	2.3%
EBIT	1,377	1,564	1,729	1,949	2,083	2,233	2,409	2,557	2,667	2,740	2,826
YoY Growth %		13.6%	10.5%	12.7%	6.9%	7.2%	7.9%	6.1%	4.3%	2.7%	3.1%
Margin %	11.9%	13.1%	13.9%	15.1%	15.5%	16.0%	16.7%	17.2%	17.4%	17.4%	17.6%
Taxes	198	321	354	400	427	458	494	524	547	562	579
NOPAT	1,179	1,244	1,374	1,550	1,656	1,775	1,915	2,032	2,120	2,178	2,247
D&A (+)	733	716	724	711	737	752	750	775	783	801	804
% of revenue	6.3%	6.0%	5.8%	5.5%	5.5%	5.4%	5.2%	5.2%	5.1%	5.1%	5.0%
Capex (-)	603	657	686	711	737	766	764	775	783	801	804
% of revenue	5.2%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.3%	5.2%	5.1%	5.1%	5.0%
FCF	1,308	1,303	1,412	1,550	1,656	1,761	1,901	2,032	2,120	2,178	2,247
YoY Growth %		-0.4%	8.3%	9.8%	6.9%	6.4%	7.9%	6.9%	4.3%	2.7%	3.1%
Margin %	11.3%	10.9%	11.3%	12.0%	12.4%	12.7%	13.2%	13.6%	13.8%	13.9%	14.0%
Period		0.15	1.15	2.15	3.15	4.15	5.15	6.15	7.15	8.15	9.15
Discount Factor		0.99	0.90	0.81	0.74	0.67	0.61	0.56	0.51	0.46	0.42
PV of FCF		1,284	1,265	1,262	1,226	1,185	1,163	1,131	1,072	1,001	939
EBITDA	2,110	2,281	2,453	2,660	2,820	2,984	3,159	3,331	3,450	3,541	3,630
YoY Growth %		8.1%	7.6%	8.4%	6.0%	5.8%	5.8%	5.5%	3.6%	2.7%	2.5%
Margin %	18.2%	19.1%	19.7%	20.6%	21.0%	21.4%	21.9%	22.4%	22.5%	22.5%	22.6%

IKC Cohort Build



Total Patients

1														
Year	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033
0	8,000	7,280	6,600	5,800	5,000	4,200	3,400	2,600	2,000	1,400	1,000	600	0	0
1		10,000	9,100	8,250	7,250	6,250	5,250	4,250	3,250	2,500	1,750	1,250	750	0
2			32,500	29,575	26,813	23,563	20,313	17,063	13,813	10,563	8,125	5,688	4,063	2,438
3				35,000	31,850	28,875	25,375	21,875	18,375	14,875	11,375	8,750	6,125	4,375
4					37,500	34,125	30,938	27,188	23,438	19,688	15,938	12,188	9,375	6,563
5						40,000	36,400	33,000	29,000	25,000	21,000	17,000	13,000	10,000
6							45,000	40,950	37,125	32,625	28,125	23,625	19,125	14,625
7								50,000	45,500	41,250	36,250	31,250	26,250	21,250
8									45,000	40,950	37,125	32,625	28,125	23,625
9										40,000	36,400	33,000	29,000	25,000
10											37,500	34,125	30,938	27,188
11												37,500	34,125	30,938
12													35,000	31,850
·														35,000

Tota	l 8,000	17,280	41,600	72,825	103,413	132,813	163,275	194,325	215,500	227,450	233,588	237,000	235,875	232,850
ESRD Patients Treated by DVA	204,200	203,100	199,400	203,378	206,999	210,312	214,275	218,505	221,706	225,024	227,864	229,578	231,349	230,950
IKC Penetration (%)	2.0%	4.3%	10.4%	17.9%	25.0%	31.6%	38.1%	44.5%	48.6%	50.5%	51.3%	51.6%	51.0%	50.4%

IKC Cohort Continued

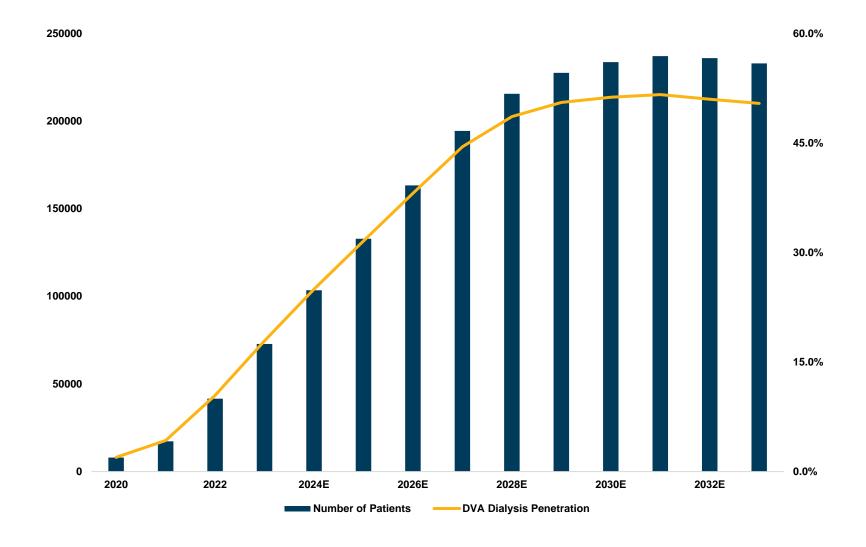


	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033
Cohort Year 0	-50%	80%	90%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cohort Year 1		-50%	80%	90%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cohort Year 2			-50%	80%	90%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cohort Year 3				-50%	80%	90%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cohort Year 4					-50%	80%	90%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cohort Year 5						-50%	80%	90%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cohort Year 6							-50%	80%	90%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cohort Year 7								-50%	80%	90%	95%	100%	100%	100%
Cohort Year 8									-50%	80%	90%	95%	100%	100%
Cohort Year 9										-50%	80%	90%	95%	100%
Cohort Year 10											-50%	80%	90%	95%
Cohort Year 11												-50%	80%	90%
Cohort Year 12													-50%	80%
Cohort Year 13														-50%

Savings - Model of Care Costs [Toggle]

	Y	'ear													
		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033
Cohort	0	-7	10	11	10	9	8	7	5	4	3	2	1	0	0
	1		-9	13	14	13	12	10	9	7	5	4	3	2	0
	2			-29	43	45	43	40	34	29	22	18	13	9	6
	3				-32	48	50	47	44	38	31	25	19	14	10
	4					-35	53	55	52	48	42	35	27	21	15
	5						-38	57	60	57	53	45	38	30	23
	6							-44	66	69	66	61	52	43	34
	7								-50	75	79	75	69	60	49
	8									-46	69	72	69	64	55
	9										-42	63	66	63	58
	10											-41	61	63	60
	11												-42	62	65
	12													-40	59
	•														-41





DVA & Fresenius cont.¹



"If you were to map out all these dialysis centers, you'll find there's a few areas where there's not a ton of overlap [between DVA and Fresenius], where you need one in certain areas. And that's where you get really stuck because it's very hard to just have one provider if you're a national player"

"I think they've done well staying out of Fresenius' market from a manufacturing perspective. I mean the odd thing is DaVita is by far Fresenius' biggest customer because they use Fresenius machines. So it's kind of an odd partnership. And it's necessary to come together, like when California tried to unionize all the dialysis nurses several years, Fresenius and DaVita came together and said, listen, California. Go ahead and unionized. We're going to close probably 1/3 of our dialysis centers in the state. And you can explain to your patients because the cost of labor went up so dramatically that we had to consolidate centers, and you can explain to the patients why they're now driving 1.5 hours each way."

Terminology



- ESRD- End Stage Renal Disease
- ESKD- End Stage Kidney Disease
- Both terms refer to the same condition

- CKD- Chronic Kidney Disease
- ➤ IKC- Integrated Kidney Care
- AKF- American Kidney Fund
- Nephrologist- medical doctor who specializes in diagnosing and treating diseases and conditions related to the kidneys